Deduction Systems

Tutorial 1

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Exercise 2.1. Transform the following concepts into negation normal form:

- (a) $\neg (A \sqcap \forall r.B)$
- (b) $\neg \forall r. \exists s. (\neg B \sqcup \exists r. A)$
- (c) $\neg((\neg A \sqcap \exists r. \top) \sqcup \geqslant 3 s.(A \sqcup \neg B))$

Exercise 2.2. Apply the tableau algorithm in order to check if the axiom $A \sqsubseteq B$ is a logical consequence of the TBox $\{\neg C \sqsubseteq B, A \sqcap C \sqsubseteq \bot\}$.

Exercise 2.3. Apply the tableau algorithm in order to check satisfiability of the concept $A \sqcap \forall r.B$ w.r.t. the TBox $\{A \sqsubseteq \exists r.A, B \sqsubseteq \exists r^-.C, C \sqsubseteq \forall r. \forall r.B\}$.

Exercise 2.4. Markus wants to apply the tableau algorithm for checking the satisfiability of the concept $B \sqcap \exists r^-.A$ w.r.t. the TBox $\{A \sqsubseteq \exists r^-.A \sqcap \exists r.B, \top \sqsubseteq \leqslant 1 r\}$. He arrives at the situation depicted below and concludes that no further rules are applicable, since v_2 is blocked by v_1 . What is Markus' error? Continue the algorithm until its termination. (You don't have to illustrate all intermediate steps, just provide the final state.)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
v_0 \\
r^- \downarrow \\
v_1 \\
r^- \downarrow \\
v_2
\end{array}
\qquad L(v_0) = \{B \sqcap \exists r^-.A, B, \exists r^-.A, C_{\mathcal{T}}, \neg A, \leqslant 1 \, r\} \\
L(v_1) = \{A, C_{\mathcal{T}}, \exists r^-.A, \exists r.B, \leqslant 1 \, r\} \\
L(v_2) = \{A, C_{\mathcal{T}}, \exists r^-.A, \exists r.B, \leqslant 1 \, r\}.$$

Exercise 2.5. Extend the $\leqslant 1$ rule in a way that also qualified functionality axioms of the form $\top \sqsubseteq \leqslant 1$ r.A can be treated correctly, where A is an atomic concept. Can you also treat arbitrary axioms of the form $C \sqsubseteq \leqslant 1$ r.D?