Foundations of Logic Programming Tutorial 6 (on January 16th)

Lukas Schweizer

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Exercise 6.1:

Given the program P_i , determine the stable models of P_i by applying the *Gelfond-Lifschitz-Reduct*.

$P_1 = \{a \leftarrow b, not \ c, d;$	$P_2 = \{a \leftarrow b, not \ c;$	$P_3 = \{a \leftarrow not \ b, c;$
$c \leftarrow not \ b, a;$	$b \leftarrow c, not a;$	$c \leftarrow not \ a, b\}$
$b \leftarrow not \ c, not \ d;$	$c \leftarrow a, not b;$	
$a \leftarrow \}$	$b \leftarrow \}$	

Exercise 6.2:

Recall the 3-Colorability problem (c.f. Exercise 1.1 of FCP). Define an ASP encoding for an arbitrary (undirected) graph G = (V, E), such that each answer-set of your encoding corresponds to a 3-coloring of the graph G.

Exercise 6.3:

Model and solve the *peer-review procedure* with ASP. For scientific conferences, researchers submit their papers which are reviewed by other researchers. The problem of assigning referees for submissions to a conference is typical for the area of computer science.

Part A:

Construct a program check.lp which checks, given an assignment of submissions to members of the *program committee* (PC), where the following conditions hold:

- 1. each PC-member is assigned with at most five submissions;
- 2. no PC-member is assigned more than three papers that he or she rated with "I don't want to review this paper";
- 3. no PC-member can rate a submission with different bids;
- 4. no PC-member is assigned a paper that he or she rated with "I cannot review this paper";

- 5. each submission is assigned to at least one PC-member who rated the paper with "I am willing to review this paper" or higher;
- 6. If a PC-member does not bid on a certain paper, by default "I don't want to review this paper" is assumed as the PC-member's bid on this paper.

The bids on the papers range from 0 to 3 with the following meanings:

- 0: "I cannot review this paper",
- 1: "I don't want to review this paper",
- 2: "I am willing to review this paper",
- 3: "I really want to review this paper".

The given assignment of submissions to referees is assumed to be stored in some input files containing:

- pc(M): M is a member of the PC;
- paper(P): P is a submitted paper;
- bid(M,P,B): PC-member M's bid on paper P, where B is a constant from {0,1,2,3};
- assigned(P,M): the submission P is assigned to PC-member M.

The program check.lp should satisfy the following condition:

• check.lp, together with the input data, possesses an answer set precisely when Conditions 1.-6. are met.

Important: Do not use any aggregate functions for constructing the program check.lp!

Part B:

Now construct a program guess.lp which assigns, given a collection of submissions and a given PC, the submissions to the members of the P in such a way that the following condition is satisfied:

(*) each submission is assigned to exactly three members to the PC.

Use the above defined predicates pc(M), paper(P) and assigned(P,M).