



### KNOWLEDGE GRAPHS

Lecture 4: Wikidata

Markus Krötzsch Knowledge-Based Systems

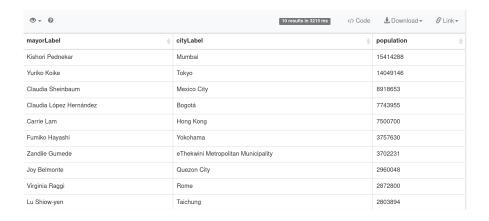
TU Dresden, 2nd Nov 2021

More recent versions of this slide deck might be available. For the most current version of this course, see https://iccl.inf.tu-dresden.de/web/Knowledge\_Graphs/@

What are the ten largest cities with a female mayor?

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### What are the ten largest cities with a female mayor?



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# Where are people born who travel to space?

#### (colour-coded by gender)



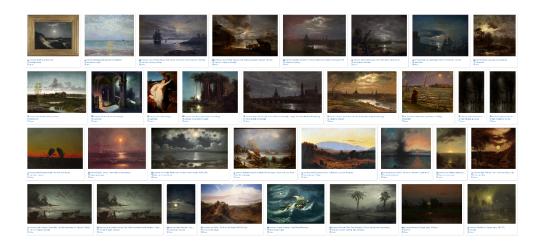
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# Which days of the week do disasters occur?

Date \$	Mon \$	Tue \$	Wed	Thu \$	Fri \$	Sat	Sun \$
1	25	33	22	18	26	28	23
2	24	26	23	23	22	32	12
3	24	27	21	31	23	28	38
4	24	25	33	25	26	26	24
5	37	23	32	18	19	17	29
6	25	28	32	20	24	33	22
7	18	22	25	16	22	18	17
8	32	28	19	25	22	23	19
9	20	25	29	29	27	21	23
10	20	20	19	14	25	25	29
11	30	34	28	23	22	20	20
12	41	33	27	30	20	20	23
13	35	26	29	21	25	24	25
14	24	23	27	23	22	28	17
	10	0.0	0.0	0.4	10	0.0	4.6

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# Which 19th century paintings show the moon?



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# Which films co-star more than one future head of government?

Star in the Dust	1956 film by Charles F. Haas	2	Clint Eastwood, mayor; George Wallace, Governor of Alabama
The Two Who Stole the Moon	1962 Polish film by Jan Batory	2	Jarosław Kaczyński, Prime Minister of Poland; Lech Kaczyński, Mayor of Warsaw
Ragasiya Police 115	1968 film by B. R. Panthulu	2	M. G. Ramachandran, Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu; Jayalalithaa, Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu
Québec : Duplessis et après	documentary	2	Bernard Landry, Premier of Quebec; René Lévesque, Premier of Quebec
Q3541438	1994 film by Claude Lanzmann	2	Ariel Sharon, Prime Minister of Israel; Ehud Barak, Prime Minister of Israel
Batman & Robin	1997 American superhero film based on the DC Comics character Batman	2	Arnold Schwarzenegger, Mr. Freeze / Governor of California; Jesse Ventura, Governor of Minnesota

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### A Free Knowledge Graph

#### Wikidata

- Wikipedia's knowledge graph
- Free, community-built database
- Large graph (November 2020: >1500M statements on >90M entities)
- Large, active community (several 100K logged-in human editors)
- Many applications

Freely available, relevant, and active knowledge graph



# A short history of Wikidata

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### A short history of Wikidata

#### **Prehistory**

- August 2005: Presentation "Wikipedia and the Semantic Web The Missing Links" at the 1st Wikimedia Conference "Wikimania", Frankfurt
- September 2005: First release of Semantic MediaWiki software, which since became an active stand-alone software project
- 2006–2011: Many talks and discussions at Wikimanias in Boston, Taipei, Alexandria, Buenos Aires, Gdańsk, and Haifa
- 2011/2012: WMF support and donations for starting Wikidata development are secured
- 1st April 2012: Wikidata development kick-off in Berlin

### A short history of Wikidata

#### **History**

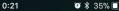
- 29th October 2012: wikidata.org is launched
- 15th Dec 2012: Item with ID number 1000000 created
- 4th Feb 2013: The first statements can be created
- Early 2013: Most Wikipedia language links relocate to Wikidata
- Late 2013: More than 100,000,000 edits on over 15M items
- Dec 2014: Google announces the closure of Freebase and migration to Wikidata
- 2014-2018: A total of >700M edits produce >55M items and >570M statements
- May 2018: Wikidata starts storing data about lexemes (=expressions in a language)
- Oct 2018: Senses of lexemes become supported
- across 2019: first Wikidata-like features become available on Wikimedia Commons
- 2020: Wikimedia Commons expands its knowledge graph and query services

# Many applications (1)

As of today, Wikidata content has been used in many ways.

#### Wikipedia & the Wikimedia community:

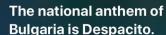
- Wikipedia inter-language links (see any Wikipedia page)
- Data displays in pages (auto-generated info boxes, article placeholders, result tables, ...)
- Quality checks & edit-a-thons



### What is the national anthem of Bulgaria

Tap to Edit

■ Telenor BG 🗢





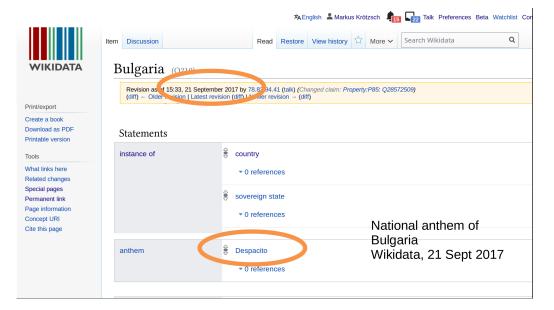
### Despacito

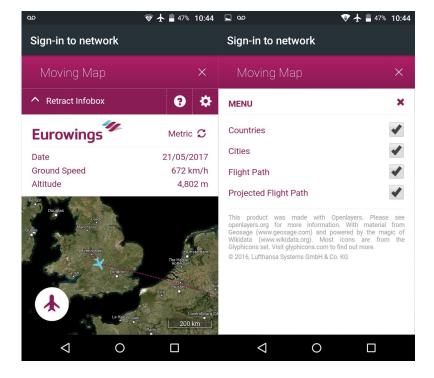
Luis Fonsi song featuring Daddy Yankee



"Despacito" is a single by Puerto Rican singer Luis Fonsi featuring Puerto Rican rapper Daddy Yankee from Fonsi's upcoming studio album.

On January 12, 2017, Universal Music Latin released"Despacito" and its music video, which shows both artists performing the song in La Perla neighborhood of Old San Juan, Puerto Rico and the local bar La Factoría. The song's music video is the first video to reach over thr...





# Many applications (2)

As of today, Wikidata content has been used in many ways.

#### External re-uses of data:

- Knowledge base of intelligent assistants (e.g., Apple Siri and Amazon Alexa)
- Application-specific data-excerpts (e.g., Eurowings in-flight app)
- Data integration and quality control (e.g., Google checks own KG against Wikidata)
- Data-driven journalism (individual analyses as well as data-driven information portals)
- Authority control & identity provider (VIAF, Open Streetmaps, DBLP, ... link their content to Wikidata)

# Many applications (3)

As of today, Wikidata content has been used in many ways.

#### In research:

- Test data for KG-related algorithms
- Training data for machine-learning approaches
- Wikidata as a subject of study (social dynamics, internationality, biases, ...)

#### Uses by Wikidata community:

- Software-supported error and vandalism detection
- Feature-based integration with other datasets
- Data-driven statistics as a measure of progress

### What is Wikidata?

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It is useful to distinguish several of these aspects:

#### Wikidata is ....

- ... a Wikimedia project like Wikipedia and Wikimedia Commons;
   represented and supported by the Wikimedia Foundation (WMF)
- ... a dataset that can be downloaded and freely used and distributed
- ... a website through which the data can be viewed and modified
- ... a community of volunteer editors that creates and controls all content

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"And like all uses of the word 'community,' you were never quite sure what or who it was." – Terry Pratchett (Jingo, 1997)

Several basic principles have guided the design of Wikidata:

 Open editing: Anyone can extend or modify content (as in Wikipedia); no user account or special skills needed

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- Continuous evolution: Incompleteness of content and technology are embraced; Wikidata remains "work in progress"

### Two views on the Wikidata knowledge base

The website and its main data services expose Wikidata as a

#### document-centric knowledge base:

- Data is grouped by subject entity (one page per entity)
- Documents are structured into different sections
- The order of content is (mostly) preserved and shown

→ Useful for display and management

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- Properties are first-class objects with a global scope and definition
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We will mostly view Wikidata as a knowledge graph.

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#### British computer scientist

@ edit

TimBL | Sir Tim Berners-Lee | Timothy John Berners-Lee | TBL | Tim Berners Lee | T. Berners-Lee | T Berners-Lee | Tim Berners-Lee | T.J. Berners-Lee



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Berners-Lee instance of human ▶ 1 reference employer CERN edit start time 1984 1994 end time Fellow position held ▼ 0 references + add reference Queen Elizabeth Prize for Engineering award received edit point in time 2013 together with Robert Kahn Vint Cerf Louis Pouzin Marc Andreessen ▶ 1 reference



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edit

Wikipedia (126 entries) / edit af Tim Berners-Lee Tim Berners-Lee am ቲም ባርነርስ ሊ Tim Berners-Lee تیم بیرنرز لی arz تیم بیرنرز لی ast Tim Berners-Lee টিম বার্নার্ছ লী تیم برنرز لی az Tim Berners-Li bar Tim Berners-Lee bat\_smg Tim Berners-Lee ba Тим Бернерс-Ли be x old Тым Бэрнэрз-Лі be Цім Бернерс-Лі Тим Бърнърс-Лий টিম বার্নার্স-লি Tim Berners-Lee Tim Berners-Lee Tim Berners-Lee се Бернерс-Ли, Тим تیم بیّرنهرز لی ckb

Berners-Lee		•	
		:	
instance of	human		
	▶ 1 reference		
		:	
employer	⊜ CERN	•	
	start time	1984	
	end time	1994	
	position held	Fellow	
	▼ 0 references		
			+ add reference
		:	
award received	Queen Elizabeth F	• Prize for Engineering	
	point in time	2013	
	together with	Robert Kahn	
		Vint Cerf	
		Louis Pouzin	
		Marc Andreessen	
	▶ 1 reference		

### The content of Wikidata entity documents

The previous page shows the main kinds of content stored in Wikidata:

Entity ID: Entities are identified by language-independent ids (e.g., "Q80" for TimBL)

**Terms header:** Document pages start with a label, short description, and list of aliases in the user's language (or best available language); terms can be entered for several hundred languages and writing systems

**Statements:** The main part of the page consists of sourced claims for several properties that an entity might have; statements may have a rank (normal, preferred, deprecated) to encode their current significance

**Site links:** Connections to pages on other Wikimedia projects realise entity-level information integration

**Property pages** use IDs of the form "P1234" and have an additional datatype declaration but no sitelinks. The other parts of the page are the same.

## Wikidata's IDs

Why does Wikidata use abstract (numeric) QIDs and PIDs rather than something more readable?

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Why does Wikidata use abstract (numeric) QIDs and PIDs rather than something more readable?

#### International

 Identifiers work for any language and cultural backgrounds

#### Stable

- · Labels can change without IDs changing
- Multiple entities can have the same label
- IDs of deleted entities are never used again

#### Convenient

- Numeric IDs are quite short
- Uniform format is practical

How to find the ID of an item?

Main methods:

- Use the auto-completing search bar on wikidata.org
- (2) Go to the item's Wikipedia page and select "Wikdata item" from the sidebar

Several other projects have started to use Wikidata IDs for tagging and inter-linking.

### Wikidata statements

#### Wikidata's basic information units

- Built from Wikidata items ("CERN", "Vint Cerf"),
   Wikidata properties ("award received", "end time"), and data values ("2013")
- Based on directed edges
   ("Tim Berners-Lee −employer→ CERN")
- Annotated with property-value pairs ("end time: 1994")
  - same property can have multiple annotation values ("together with: Robert Kahn, Vint Cerf, ...")
  - same properties/values used in directed edges and annotations
- Items and properties can be subjects/values in statements
- Multi-graph

# Elizabeth Taylor (Q34851) Elizabeth Rosemond Taylor | Liz Taylor | Dame Elizabeth Rosemond Taylor

#### British-American actress

instance of: Elizabeth Taylor is a(n) human

	Own statements From related entities	From related entities	
spouse 8 statements •	Larry Fortensky (construction worker and seventh husband of Elizabeth Taylor) end time: 1996-10-31 start time: 1991-10-06	2	
	John Warner (Republican politician and Secretary of the Navy from the United States) end time: 1982-11-07 start time: 1976-12-04	;	
	Richard Burton (Welsh actor) start time: 1975-10-10 end time: 1976-07-29		
	Richard Burton (Welsh actor) start time: 1964-03-15 end time: 1974-06-26	;	
	Eddie Fisher (American entertainer and singer) end time: 1964-03-06 start time: 1959-05-12	;	
	Mike Todd (American theatre and film producer) end time: 1958-03-22 start time: 1957-02-02	;	
	Michael Wilding (English television and film actor) end time: 1957-01-30 start time: 1952-02-21	3	
	Conrad Hilton, Jr. (American hotelier) end time: 1951-01-29 start time: 1950-05-06	;	



edit label

Links	
likidata page	
fficial website	
likipedia article	
easonator	

Identifiers	~	
SFDb person ID	75200 ♂	>
Elonet person ID	224907 ₫	>
PORT person ID	7869 ♂	>
AllMovie artist ID	p70015 ⊡*	>

# Property types

Each Wikidata property has a datatype that defines which values it may take.

### Available types (as of 2020):

- Entities of a fixed type (item, property, lexeme, sense, form)
- Quantities (including integers and numbers with units)
- Points in time (including imprecise dates and times in the distant past/future)
- Geographic coordinates (possibly on other astronomic bodies) and shapes
- URLs (actually including IRIs)
- Strings, and special strings (external identifier, media file name on Wikimedia Commons, tabular data file name on Wikimedia Commons, mathematical formula, musical notation)
- Texts in a specific language (similar to language-tagged RDF strings)

### Property types cannot be changed once created.

# Wikidata, RDF, and SPARQL

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### Wikidata in RDF

Wikidata is internally stored in the document-centric form using a JSON format

### Data is converted to RDF for several purposes:

- Offering complete data dumps for external uses
- Providing entity-specific linked data exports via a Web API
- Importing data into Wikidata's SPARQL query service



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- Based on directed, labelled, multi-graph
- Properties have own identity in graph
- Order and in-page context of statements does not matter

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# However, there are also some important differences:

- Wikidata statements can have annotations and references
- Wikidata property types do not correspond to XML Schema types
- Wikidata IDs are not immediately IRIs

### Tim Berners-Lee (Q80)





Where to store the annotations?

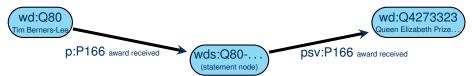
Queen Elizabeth Prize

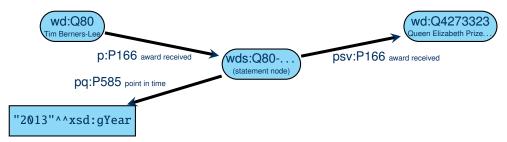
Note: For prefix declarations, see

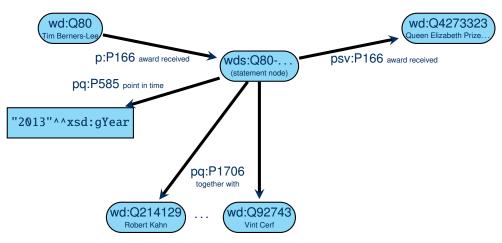
im Berners-Le

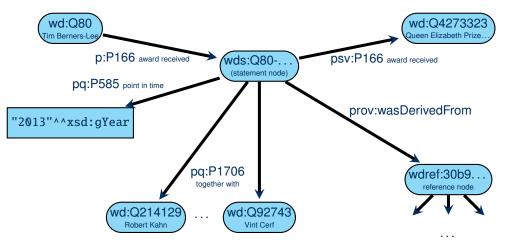
https://www.mediawiki.org/wiki/Wikibase/Indexing/RDF\_Dump\_Format

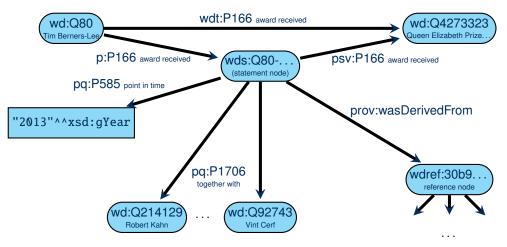
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### Summary of statement RDF encoding:

- Each statement is represented by a resource in RDF
- Direct single-triple links from subject to value are added for many statements
   rule: direct links are generated for statements non-deprecated rank that are top-ranked among statements with the same subject and property
- Each Wikidata property turns into several RDF properties (for different uses in encoding)
- References and complex values are represented using auxiliary nodes (with a generated IRI)
- Values with units are additionally converted to a standard unit (if possible) the resulting normalised value is stored alongside the given value, using another set of RDF properties
- Order of qualifiers or statements is not represented in RDF

#### **Useful sources:**

- The complete Wikidata-to-RDF documentation is available online https://www.mediawiki.org/wiki/Wikibase/Indexing/RDF\_Dump\_Format
- Any item can be viewed in RDF in the browser using URLs such as http://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Special:EntityData/Q80.ttl

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# Finishing the RDF encoding

#### Statements in Wikidata:

- Constitute the largest part of the RDF data
- RDF-encoding introduces over 50K RDF properties

#### Encoding other parts of Wikidata:

- Labels, descriptions, aliases are encoded as RDF literals with language tags, linked from subject with rdfs:label, schema:description, and skos:altLabel, respectively
- Sitelinks are encoded using property schema:about (from article page URL to Wikidata entity IRI)

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#### Available RDF data:

- Full dumps are generated weekly (currently >8.5B triples, 59GiB gzipped Turtle) For download see https://dumps.wikimedia.org/wikidatawiki/entities/
- Linked data exports are provided through content negotiation

Alternatively, directly use data URLs like http://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Special:EntityData/Q80.nt

## SPARQL on Wikidata

### Wikidata SPARQL Query Service (WDQS):

- Official query service since mid 2015
- User interface at https://query.wikidata.org/
  - Query editing support (auto-completion, suggestions. examples)
  - Support for many different result visualisations
- All the data (8.5B triples), live (latency<60s)
- Very liberal configuration:
  - 60sec timeout
  - No limit on result size
  - No limit on parallel queries, but CPU-time budget per client
- Extra SERVICEs in SPARQL (geo, Wikipedia API, labels, ...)

# WDQS: Usage

### SPARQL is widely used on Wikidata:

- >100M requests per month (3.8M per day) in 2018
- Many applications using SPARQL as API in the back-end (e.g., mobile apps)
- Useful for advanced content analysis and data journalism
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#### ... while keeping acceptable quality of service:

- In 2018: 50% of queries answered in <40ms (95% in <440ms; 99% in <40s)</li>
- ... and less than 0.05% of queries timed out
- Service has never been down so far
- However: keeping up with Wikidata's growth becomes harder (→ synchronisation lags >1min; more query timeouts)

Query statistics from Malyshev et al., "Getting the Most out of Wikidata: Semantic Technology Usage in Wikipedia's Knowledge Graph", ISWC 2018

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# System setup

What is necessary to provide a public online service at this scale?

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# System setup

What is necessary to provide a public online service at this scale?

WDQS runs a typical master-slave setup with a primary storage server and several secondary query servers.

- Currently (2019), three commodity query servers are used for WDQS (+3 more for geographic backup)
- Wikidata's primary servers use a typical LAMP stack (Linux, Apache, MariaDB, PHP)
- BlazeGraph used as free and open-source graph database for WDQS
- Standard HTTP cache (Varnish) for speeding up answers
- Custom script used to monitor changes and update the database accordingly
- Query servers are independent; incoming requests distributed by load balancing (LVS)

All software used is free & open source

WDQS core components: https://github.com/wikimedia/wikidata-query-rdf

# Summary

Wikidata, the knowledge base of Wikipedia, is a freely available knowledge graph

Wikidata supports a document-centric and a graph-centric perspective

Content can be converted to RDF and a public SPARQL query service is available

#### What's next?

- More SPARQL query features
- Further background on SPARQL complexity and semantics
- Graphs beyond RDF